Assisted by Richard Wilke

## PRINT DOCUMENTATION

Gemini G. E. L., 8365 Melrose Ave., Los Angeles, California

Credit line: Gift of Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Anderson

ARTIST_ Robert Rauschenberg					
TITLE Air Pocket					
PRINT CLASSIFICATION_lithograph					
RIGHT TO PRINT PROOF DATE 9-17-69					
CANCELLATION PROOF DATE 12-15-69					
LOCATION OF CHOP and © Copyright lower right margin					
LOCATION OF PRINT No. backside print below chop					
Collaboration between Artist and staff of Gemini during September to					
December 1969					
Processing, proofing, printing under supervision of Master Printer, Kenneth Tyler					
Hand printing of Edition by Printer Bob Peterson					

70P		
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		SIZE: H 36" x 51"	
	Color Printing Order	Printing Elements	Remarks
1	black	stone	
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3	<b>当然写得自己的多种用证明的</b> 的图像显然是是		ALL OF THE PARTY O
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9			性接触法律性的可能是持续的
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11			

# \* Robert Rauschenberg Foundation Proof

Proofs	No.	Paper
Edition Size	47	Special Arjomari
Artists Proofs	6	Special Arjomari
Trial Proofs	-	<b>以此一种是这种特别的人的现在分词</b>
Right to Print Proof	1	Special Arjomari
Printers Proof II	1	Special Arjomari
Gemini Impressions I, II, III	3	Special Arjomari
Cancellation Proof	1	Special Arjomari
Other Proofs	1	Special Arjomari

We declare that the above information is correct:\_

ARTIST\_

12

MASTER PRINTER

**3**\_\_ DAT

422 70

DATE 4-22-70

### GEMINI PRINT TERMINOLOGY

Each print created in the Workshop bears either an embossed, dry stamped or printed form of the *Chop* mark of Gemini. All prints have a print number which is located adjacent to the *Chop* mark on the back side of the print. The artist signs and numbers every print and may include a date and title.

At Gemini the following print terminology is used:

## Right to Print

The first impression obtained during proofing that meets both the aesthetic and technical standards of the artist and printer. This approved print becomes the edition standard. This proof is the property of the Master Printer.

#### Edition

The number of prints identical in appearance to the Right to Print Proof numbered from 1 to whatever the edition size is. Example — an edition of 50 contains 50 identical prints numbered 1/50, 2/50, 3/50, etc.

## **Printers Proof II**

A proof pulled for the printer who collaborated with the artist and the Master Printer in the creation and printing of the edition.

## Artists Proofs I, II, III, etc.

Proofs of good quality that closely match or equal the standards of the edition prints. These proofs are for the artist's and publisher's collection.

## Trial Proof I, II, III, etc.

Black proofs pulled prior to the Right to Print proof. These proofs do not usually resemble the edition prints and are selected because of their unique quality.

## Color Trial Proofs I, II, III, etc.

First color proofs where sequence of color printing or colors are not completely resolved by the artist and printers and is different from the printed edition. These proofs are rare and exist only on complex color prints.

## Progressive Proofs IA, 2B, 3C, etc.

Prints which have more than two printings frequently are color proofed to show the breakdown of color separations.

## State Prints (signed State I 1/10, 2/10, etc. - State II 1/20, 2/20, etc.)

When an artist decides to further work with the imagery of a printed edition or approved edition to be printed and has all the *States* printed as separate editions. Generally the first drawn image is printed and then corrections to the image are made and another edition is printed. Each *State Edition* would have its own proofs and print number assigned to it. Print documentation would explain in detail the history of the *States*.

## Gemini Impressions I, II, III

Three impressions from each edition that are used solely for exhibition purposes. These prints are not for sale.

#### **Cancellation Proof**

To assure that no further proofs can be pulled from the printing element after the edition has been printed, the printing element is cancelled by either the artist or the printer. The printing image is fully inked and then defaced by the use of a sharp instrument or a stone hone. One impression is pulled of this defaced printing element to document the act. This impression is signed and dated by the artist. When a print has more than one color the most complicated and involved color plate is chosen for cancellation. The Cancellation Proof may or may not have the complete color printings. If the artist decides to print a particular image in two or more States then there would be no Cancellation Proof pulled until all States have been completely printed. In this case, as with all editions printed, the Print Documentation would clearly describe the print history.